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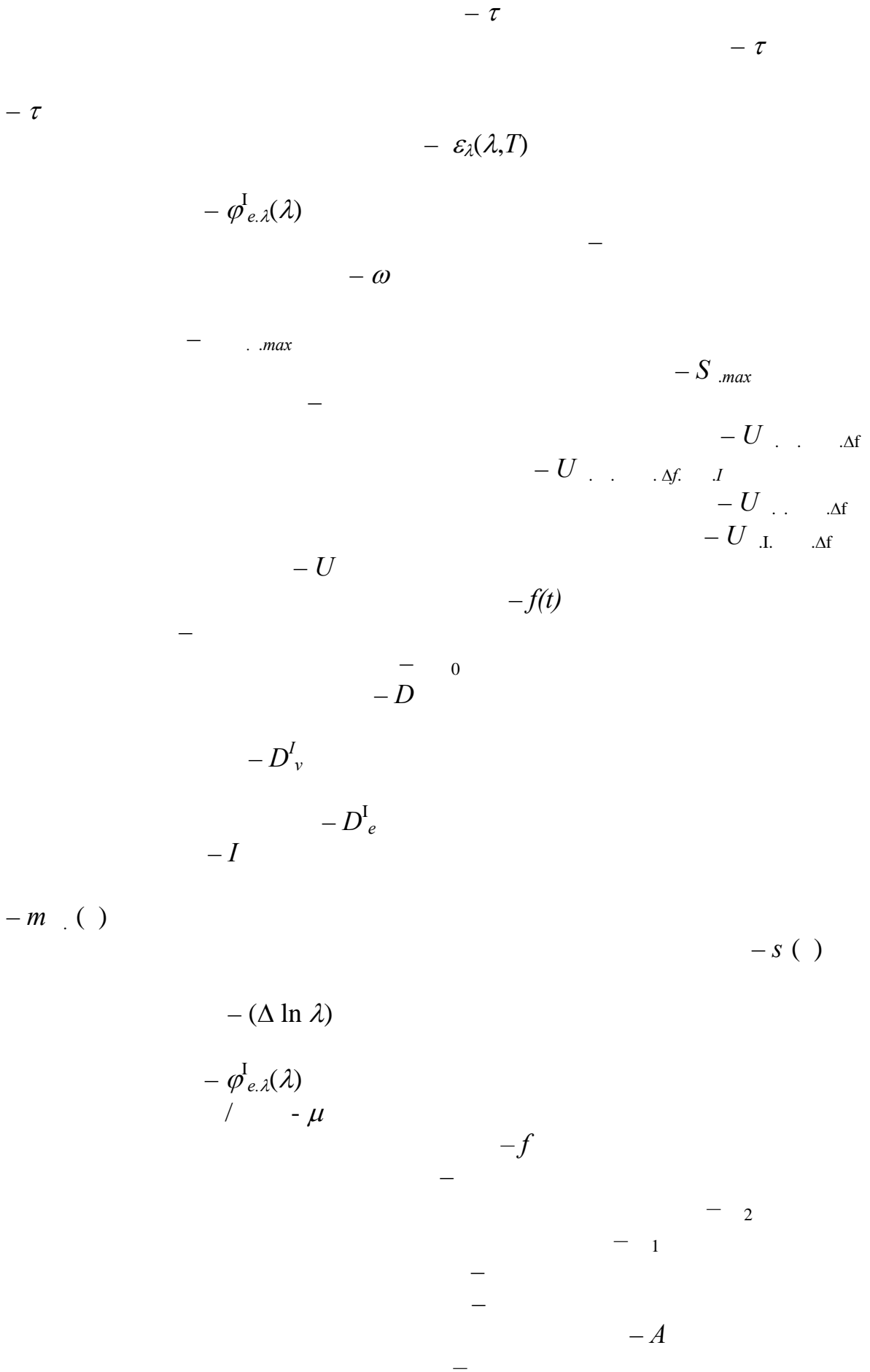
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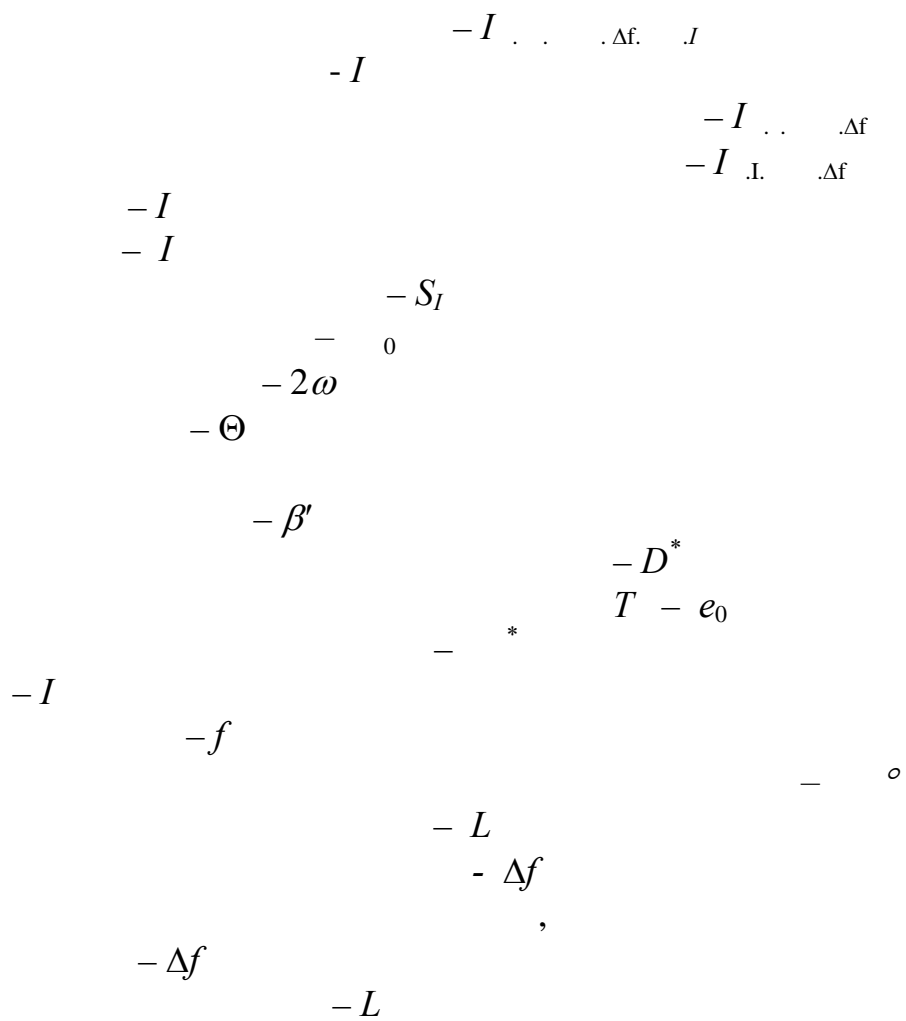
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1.	Y = F(X)	42
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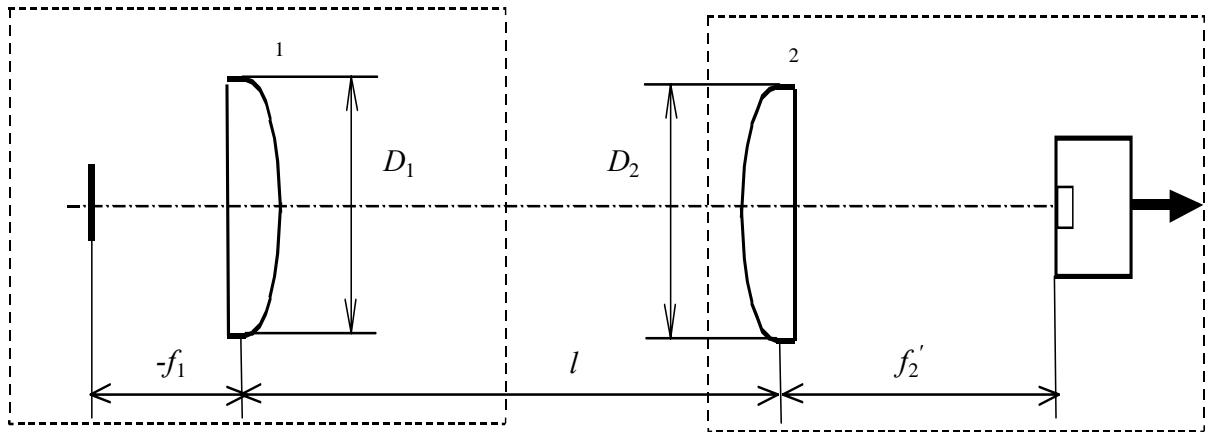
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$$\begin{aligned}
& \dots - S(\dots) \\
& \dots - I_{\sim} \dots - U_{\sim} \\
& \dots - S_U \\
& \dots - D \dots - D' \\
& \dots - D \dots - D \\
& \dots - D \\
& \dots - D \dots - p_0' \\
& \dots - \lambda \dots \\
& \dots - f' \\
& \dots - \sigma_{A'} \\
& \dots - S_U \\
& \dots - S_I \\
& \dots - S^I \dots \\
& \dots - S^I \dots \\
& \dots - \kappa^{\text{II}} \dots (\dots) \\
& \dots - \kappa^{\text{II}} \dots (\dots) \\
& \dots - \kappa^{\text{I}} \dots \\
& \dots - \kappa^{\text{I}} \dots - \xi
\end{aligned}$$





(2) (2)
 ().
 (), .
 () (.2). ()
 (1) , , ()
 .) , .
 (2) .



. 2. :
 - ; 1, 2 - ; -
 ; - ; -
 ; f_1, f_2' -
 ; l -
 ($l \gg f_1$;
 $l \gg f_2'$); D_1, D_2 -

, .1 .2.

.					
	,				
1	1000	1500	-	2-3	1
2	-	-	103	-9	2
3	1500	1600	-	-1	1
4	-	-	115	-28	2
5	2000	1700	-	1-3	1
6	-	-	107	-5	2
7	3500	1800	-	-4	1
8	-	-	108	-20-30	2
9	4000	1900	-	-11	1
10	-	-	106	-5	2
11	4500	2000	-	-20-32	1
12	-	-	116	-3	2
13	5000	2200	-	-6	1
14	-	-	102	-1	2
15	5500	2300	-	-9	1
16	-	-	341	-21	2
17	6000	2400	-	-1	1
18	-	-	341	-3	2
19	7000	2500	-	-14	1
20	-	-	341	-4	2
21	8000	2600	-	-6	1
22	-	-	102	-22	2
23	9000	2700	-	-2	1
24	-	-	119	-11	2
25	10000	2800	-	-9	1

. 1

$$: \tau(\lambda) = 1 .$$

1 ().

.					<i>l</i> ,		<i>A</i> ^{<i>D</i>}
	<i>f</i> ₁ ,	<i>D</i> ₁ ,	<i>f</i> ₂ ' ,	<i>D</i> ₂ ,			
1	-	-	50	30	1000	100	300
2	100	30	70	40	5	-	3 ²
1	-	-	90	40	900	200	200
2	150	60	100	50	6	-	3 ²
1	-	-	110	50	800	300	250
2	200	80	120	60	7	-	3 ²
1	-	-	130	60	700	400	400
2	300	100	140	50	8	-	3 ²
1	-	-	150	70	600	500	150
2	100	50	50	20	9	-	12 ²
1	-	-	60	20	5000	600	1000
2	150	70	70	30	10	-	3 ²
1	-	-	80	40	6000	700	200
2	200	100	90	40	12	-	0,3×0,3 ²
1	-	-	100	40	7000	800	300
2	300	150	110	50	14	-	12 ²
1	-	-	120	50	8000	900	300
2	100	40	130	50	16	-	12 ²
1	-	-	140	50	9000	1000	200
2	150	80	150	60	20	-	12 ²
1	-	-	100	60	10000	1100	100
2	200	120	170	60	24	-	0,3×0,3 ²
1	-	-	180	60	11000	1200	50
2	300	170	60	30	30	-	3 ²
1	-	-	100	30	12000	1300	100

			D	f''	l
1	200-500	- 1-142	30	60	1
2	300-600	-28	40	80	1
3	400-700	-223 1	30	70	1
4	500-800	-119	40	90	1
5	600-900	1-3	50	100	1
6	700-1000	-5	40	80	1
7	800-1100	-11	30	70	1
8	900-1200	-3	40	90	1
9	1000-1300	-9	40	100	2
10	1100-1400	-2	30	60	2
11	1200-1500	-28	30	80	2
12	1300-1700	-1	40	100	2
13	1400-1800	-5	40	90	2
14	1500-1900	-9	20	50	2
15	1600-2000	-1	20	60	2
16	1700-2100	-21	30	80	2
17	1800-2200	-2	30	70	3
18	1900-2300	-24	40	80	3
19	2000-2500	-3	40	90	5
20	2100-2600	-227	30	60	5
21	2200-2700	-4	30	70	5
22	2300-2800	-256	20	50	5
23	30-40	- 1-142	50	150	4
24	100-150	-28	30	70	4
25	200-400	-614-1	50	100	4
26	300-500	-613	40	90	3
27	400-600	-612	40	80	3
28	500-700	-611-11	30	70	3
29	600-800	-611-4	30	70	2
30	700-900	-11	40	90	2
31	800-1000	-5	40	100	2
32	900-1100	-21	30	80	1
33	1000-1200	-4	30	70	1
34	1100-1300	-256	40	80	1

$P = D / s^2$, $D -$
 $s^2 -$, $.2$ $1/5;$
 $1/10; 1/16; 1/20; 1/25; 1/40; 1/70; 1/100.$
 $.2$

2 ().

	t , °	f , %		
1	0	70	200	
2	10	80	50	
3	20	90	400	1) t 100 600° -
4	30	70	50	(Ca F ₂);
5	0	80	1000	
6	10	90	50	-
7	20	70	500	= 0,4...9,0 ;
8	30	80	50	$d = 2$
9	0	90	4000	= 0,92;
10	10	70	50	
11	20	80	1500	2) t 400 2000° -
12	30	90	50	;
13	0	70	1500	
14	10	80	50	-
15	20	90	2000	= 0,4...3,5 ;
16	30	70	50	
17	0	80	2500	3) t 900 3500 -
18	10	90	50	8;
19	20	70	1500	
20	30	80	50	-
21	0	90	2000	= 0,4...2,5 .
22	10	70	50	
23	20	80	2000	
24	30	90	50	
25	0	70	2000	
26	10	80	50	
27	20	90	1500	
28	30	70	50	
29	0	80	2000	
30	10	90	50	
31	20	70	1500	
32	30	80	50	
33	0	90	2000	
34	10	70	50	

f

$\Delta f = 2$, $f = 1000$: $f = 12$ $\Delta f = 200$.

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1.

,

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2.

(/ , /).

3.

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4.

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5.

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6.

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7.

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D_1 . () - $(-f_1)$, -
 () $D \ll (-f_1)$:

$$2 \cdot \omega = 2 \cdot \operatorname{arctg} \left(\frac{D}{-2 \cdot f_1} \right) \approx \frac{D}{-f_1}, \quad (1.1)$$

():

$$p'_0 = \frac{D_1}{2 \cdot \operatorname{tg} \omega} \approx \frac{D_1}{D} \cdot (-f_1). \quad (1.2)$$

0, ()

'₀,

, () ,
 [7]:

$$E_{e0} = \pi \cdot L_e \cdot \tau_K \cdot \tau_A \cdot \sin^2 \sigma'_A, \quad (1.3)$$

L_e - ; τ , τ -
 () ; σ' , -

() .

()
 l

$$l > p'_0 \quad \sigma'_A = \operatorname{arctg} \frac{D_1}{2 \cdot l}, \quad (1.4)$$

$$l \leq p'_0 \quad \sigma'_A = \omega = \operatorname{arctg} \frac{D}{-2 \cdot f_1} \approx \frac{D}{-2 \cdot f_1}. \quad (1.5)$$

() G [7]:

$$E_{e\beta'} = E_{e0} \cdot \cos^4 \beta', \quad (1.6)$$

$\beta' -$

$G.$ β' β'

() ,

(1.3) (1.5) , :

$$E_{e0} \approx \pi \cdot \tau_K \cdot \tau_A \cdot L_e \cdot \left(\frac{D}{-2 \cdot f_1} \right)^2 . \quad (1.7)$$

, 0 l

D ,

(1.3) (1.4) , :

$$E_{e0} \approx \pi \cdot \tau_K \cdot \tau_A \cdot L_e \cdot \left(\frac{D_1}{2 \cdot l} \right)^2 . \quad (1.8)$$

, . 3
:

$$D = D_1 - \left(\frac{D}{-f_1} \right) \cdot l, \quad D = \left(\frac{D}{-f_1} \right) \cdot l - D_1 . \quad (1.9)$$

, . 2.

(.3).

(1.7)

$$e = \pi \cdot \tau_K \cdot \tau_A \cdot \tau \cdot L_e \cdot \left(\frac{D}{-2 \cdot f_1} \right)^2 \cdot A_2 = \tau \cdot L_e \cdot \frac{A \cdot A_2}{f_1^2}, \quad (1.10)$$

$\tau -$
; $\tau -$

; 2 -

B

(.3).

(1.8)

$$e = \pi \cdot \tau_K \cdot \tau_A \cdot \tau \cdot L_e \cdot \left(\frac{D_1}{2 \cdot l} \right)^2 \cdot A_2 = \tau \cdot L_e \cdot \frac{A_1 \cdot A_2}{l^2}, \quad (1.11)$$

1 -

()

[2, 9]:

$$L_e = \frac{M_e^o}{\pi} = \frac{e}{\pi \cdot A}, \quad (1.12)$$

Θ : $L = \frac{M}{\pi \cdot \sin^2 \Theta} = \frac{P}{\pi \cdot A \cdot \sin^2 \Theta}$; $L = \frac{I}{A}$, [2, 9].

$$L = \frac{M}{\pi \cdot \sin^2 \Theta} = \frac{P}{\pi \cdot A \cdot \sin^2 \Theta}; \quad L = \frac{I}{A}, \quad (1.13)$$

1.2.

()

(. 1).

. 2

$$L_{e,\lambda} = \tau(\lambda) \pi L_{\lambda}(\lambda) \sin^2 \sigma', \quad (1.14)$$

$(\lambda) -$

; $L_{e,\lambda}(\lambda) -$

$$\sin \sigma_{A'}' \approx \sigma' = \text{tg} \sigma' = \frac{D'}{2l'} \cong \frac{D}{2l}, \quad (1.15)$$

$$\frac{D'}{D} = 1 \quad ; D = D' ; l' = l$$

$$(1.12) \quad \dots \quad l \gg f', \quad f' = \dots$$

$$\lambda \approx \tau(\lambda) \varepsilon(\lambda) \lambda \quad \lambda(\lambda, l) \frac{D^2}{4(l')^2} = \tau(\lambda) \varepsilon(\lambda) \quad \lambda(\lambda, l) \frac{1}{\pi(l')^2}, \quad (1.16)$$

$$(\lambda) - \dots ; -$$

$$\dots ; - \dots$$

$$2\omega = 2\omega' \approx \frac{D}{l'} < \frac{D}{l} = \frac{D}{l}, \quad (1.17)$$

$$D - \dots ; D - \dots$$

()
(1.16):

$$\lambda = \lambda(\lambda) = e\lambda(\lambda, l) \varepsilon(\lambda) \tau(\lambda) \frac{1}{\pi(l')^2}, \quad (1.18)$$

$$- \dots ()$$

$$2\omega = 2\omega' \approx \frac{D}{l'} > \frac{D}{l} = \frac{D}{l}, \quad (1.19)$$

$$D = D \frac{l}{l'}, \quad (1.20)$$

$$= \left(\frac{l'}{l} \right)^2. \quad (1.21)$$

(1.21):

$$\lambda = \lambda(\lambda) = \tau(\lambda) L_{e\lambda}(\lambda,) \frac{1}{2}. \quad (1.22)$$

(1.12) (1.22) :

$$\lambda = \varepsilon(\lambda) \tau(\lambda) \frac{o_{e\lambda}(\lambda,)}{\pi^2}. \quad (1.23)$$

$$D = D \frac{a'}{a}. \quad (1.24)$$

$$A = A \left(\frac{a'}{a} \right)^2, \quad (1.25)$$

A A -

1) $D \gg D$,
 ;
 2) $D \ll D$,
 .
 $(D > D)$.
 2ω

$$2\omega = 2\omega' \approx \frac{D}{a'} > \frac{D}{a} = \frac{D}{l} , \tag{1.26}$$

D -
 (1.20) (1.21) ,
 :

$$\Phi_{e\lambda}(\lambda) = E_{e\lambda}(\lambda) A = \tau(\lambda) L_{e\lambda}(\lambda) \frac{A}{(a')^2} , \tag{1.27}$$

(1.21) ,

$$\Phi_{e\lambda}(\lambda) = \tau(\lambda) L_{e\lambda}(\lambda) \frac{A}{a^2} = \tau(\lambda) L_{e\lambda}(\lambda) \frac{A}{l^2} . \tag{1.28}$$

), , , (, ,

$L_{e\lambda}(\lambda) = I_{e\lambda}(\lambda) / A$, $I_{e\lambda}(\lambda)$.

$$\Phi_{e\lambda}(\lambda) = \tau(\lambda) I_{e\lambda}(\lambda) \frac{A}{l^2} . \tag{1.29}$$

, (1.28):

$$\Phi_{e\lambda}(\lambda) = \tau(\lambda) M_{e\lambda}(\lambda) \frac{A}{\pi \cdot a^2} = \tau(\lambda) M_{e\lambda}(\lambda) \frac{A}{\pi \cdot l^2} , \tag{1.30}$$

$M_{e\lambda}(\lambda)$ -

:

$$\Phi_{e\lambda}(\lambda) = \varepsilon(\lambda) \tau(\lambda) M_{e\lambda}^o(\lambda) \frac{A}{\pi \cdot a^2} = \varepsilon(\lambda) \tau(\lambda) M_{e\lambda}^o(\lambda) \frac{A}{\pi \cdot l^2}, \quad (1.31)$$

$\varepsilon(\lambda)$ – ;
 $M_{e\lambda}^o(\lambda)$ -

$$(D < D_2).$$

:

$$2\omega = 2\omega' \approx \frac{D}{a'} < \frac{D}{a} = \frac{D}{l}. \quad (1.32)$$

(1.20) (1.23) ,

:

$$\Phi_{e\lambda}(\lambda) = E_{e\lambda}(\lambda) A = \tau(\lambda) L_{e\lambda}(\lambda) \frac{A}{(a')^2}. \quad (1.33)$$

$a \gg f' \quad a' \approx f'$:

$$\Phi_{e\lambda}(\lambda) = \tau(\lambda) L_{e\lambda}(\lambda) \frac{A}{(f')^2}. \quad (1.34)$$

, :

$$\Phi_{e\lambda}(\lambda) = \tau(\lambda) M_{e\lambda}(\lambda) \frac{A}{\pi \cdot (f')^2}. \quad (1.35)$$

:

$$\Phi_{e\lambda}(\lambda) = \varepsilon_\lambda(\lambda) \tau_\lambda(\lambda) M_{e\lambda}^o(\lambda) \frac{A}{\pi \cdot (f')^2}. \quad (1.36)$$

2. Расчет интегральной чувствительности приемника оптического излучения к излучению источника

= 2856 .

1. (1) $m_{e,\lambda}^I(\lambda)$ $0 \leq \lambda \leq 3\lambda_{max}$; [1];
 2. (II) $m_{e,\lambda}^{II}(\lambda)$ $0 \leq \lambda \leq 3\lambda_{max}$; [2];
 3. $S(\lambda)$ [3, 9].
- (I) κ^I (II) κ^{II} ,
 (. . .),
 [3]:

$$\kappa^I = \frac{\int_0^{\infty} m_{e,\lambda}^I(\lambda) \cdot \tau(\lambda) \cdot S(\lambda) \cdot d\lambda}{\int_0^{\infty} m_{e,\lambda}^I(\lambda) \cdot \tau(\lambda) \cdot d\lambda} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^k m_{e,\lambda_i}^I \cdot S_{\lambda_i}}{\sum_{i=1}^k m_{e,\lambda_i}^I}; \quad (2.1)$$

$$\kappa^{II} = \frac{\int_0^{\infty} m_{e,\lambda}^{II}(\lambda) \cdot \tau(\lambda) \cdot S(\lambda) \cdot d\lambda}{\int_0^{\infty} m_{e,\lambda}^{II}(\lambda) \cdot \tau(\lambda) \cdot d\lambda} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^k m_{e,\lambda_i}^{II} \cdot S_{\lambda_i}}{\sum_{i=1}^k m_{e,\lambda_i}^{II}}; \quad (2.2)$$

$$\kappa^I = \frac{\int_{0.38}^{0.78} m_{e,\lambda}^I(\lambda) \cdot \tau(\lambda) \cdot V(\lambda) \cdot d\lambda}{\int_0^{\infty} m_{e,\lambda}^I(\lambda) \cdot \tau(\lambda) \cdot d\lambda} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^k m_{e,\lambda_i}^I \cdot V_{\lambda_i}}{\sum_{i=1}^k m_{e,\lambda_i}^I}; \quad (2.3)$$

$$\kappa^{\text{II}} = \frac{\int_{0.38}^{0.78} m_{e,\lambda}^{\text{II}}(\lambda) \cdot \tau(\lambda) \cdot V(\lambda) \cdot d\lambda}{\int_0^{\infty} m_{e,\lambda}^{\text{II}}(\lambda) \cdot \tau(\lambda) \cdot d\lambda} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^k m_{e,\lambda_i}^{\text{II}} \cdot V_{\lambda_i}}{\sum_{i=1}^k m_{e,\lambda_i}^{\text{II}}} \quad (2.4)$$

0,1 .

. 3.

3

	(I)				(II)			
$\lambda_i,$	$m_{e\lambda_i}^{\text{I}}$	$m_{e\lambda_i}^{\text{II}}$	S_{λ_i}	V_{λ_i}	$m_{e\lambda_i}^{\text{I}} S_{\lambda_i}$	$m_{e\lambda_i}^{\text{II}} S_{\lambda_i}$	$m_{e\lambda_i}^{\text{I}} V_{\lambda_i}$	$m_{e\lambda_i}^{\text{II}} V_{\lambda_i}$
λ_1								
λ_2								
...								
λ_k								
	$\sum_{i=1}^k$	$\sum_{i=1}^k$			$\sum_{i=1}^k$	$\sum_{i=1}^k$	$\sum_{i=1}^k$	$\sum_{i=1}^k$

3.

(/ , /) [1, 2, 3, 9]:

$$S_{,e}^{\text{II}} = S_{,v}^{\text{I}} \cdot 683 \cdot \kappa^{\text{I}} \cdot \frac{\kappa^{\text{II}}}{\kappa^{\text{I}}} \quad (2.5)$$

$$S_{,e}^{\text{II}} = S_{,e}^{\text{I}} \cdot \frac{\kappa^{\text{II}}}{\kappa^{\text{I}}}, \quad (2.6)$$

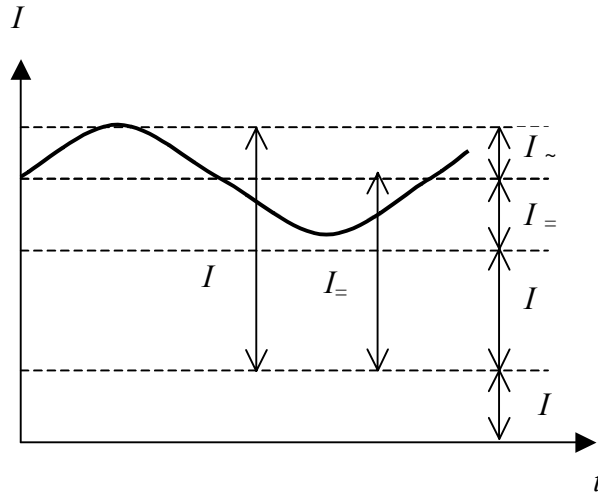
$S_{,v}^{\text{I}} -$

; $S_{,v}^{\text{I}} -$

4.

$$e = \frac{v}{683 \cdot \kappa^{\text{II}}}. \quad (2.7)$$

$$I = I + I \quad (3.4)$$



. 5.

ω

$$I(t) = I + I_{=} \cdot S_I + I_{\sim} \cdot S_I \cdot \sin \omega t \quad (3.5)$$

$$I_{=} = I_{=} \cdot S_I$$

:

$$\bar{I} = I + I_{=} = I + I_{=} \cdot S_I \quad (3.6)$$

:

$$I_{\sim} = I_{\sim} \cdot S_I; \quad U_{\sim} = I_{\sim} \cdot S_u = I_{\sim} \cdot S_I \cdot R, \quad (3.7)$$

$S_u -$

; $R -$

)

\bar{I}

:

(

(

)

)

:

$$I = \int_{\lambda=0}^{\infty} \Phi_{e\lambda}(\lambda) \cdot S_{\lambda}(\lambda) \cdot \tau(\lambda) \cdot d\lambda, \quad (3.8)$$

$\Phi_{e\lambda}(\lambda)$ -

; $S(\lambda)$ -

; $\tau(\lambda)$ -

4. Расчёт напряжения и тока шума приемника оптического излучения в заданной полосе частот электронного тракта

$()$

$$U = \dots$$

$$D^* \dots$$

$$f \dots$$

$$U_f = \dots \cdot S_U \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\Delta f}{\Delta f}} = \frac{1}{D} \cdot S_U \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\Delta f}{\Delta f}} =$$

$$= \dots \cdot S_U \cdot \sqrt{\dots \cdot \Delta f} = \frac{1}{D^*} \cdot S_U \cdot \sqrt{\dots \cdot \Delta f} = \quad (4.1)$$

$$= I \cdot S_U \cdot \sqrt{\Delta f},$$

(). Δf

[3]:

$$\begin{aligned} I_{\Delta f} &= \sqrt{\frac{4 \cdot k \cdot T}{R} \cdot \Delta f}, \\ U_{\Delta f} &= \sqrt{4 \cdot k \cdot T \cdot R \cdot \Delta f}, \end{aligned} \quad (4.4)$$

k – $(k = 1,38 \cdot 10^{-23} \text{ Дж} \cdot \text{К}^{-1})$; $f \approx 1$.

Δf :

$$\begin{aligned} I_{\Delta f} &= \sqrt{2 \cdot e \cdot \bar{I} \cdot \Delta f}, \\ U_{\Delta f} &= \sqrt{2 \cdot e \cdot \bar{I} \cdot R^2 \cdot \Delta f}, \end{aligned} \quad (4.5)$$

$(= 1,6 \cdot 10^{-19})$; \bar{I} – (4.5) ,

$$I_{\Delta f} = \sqrt{2 \cdot e \cdot \bar{I} \cdot M^2 \cdot (1 + B) \cdot \Delta f}, \quad (4.6)$$

I – ; $(1 +)$ – $(= 0,3 \dots 4, = 1,5)$.

5. Расчёт порога чувствительности и обнаружительной способности приемника оптического излучения по отношению к излучению заданного источника

(, -1) [3]:

$$\Phi^{\text{II}} = \Phi^{\text{I}} \frac{\kappa^{\text{I}}}{683 \cdot \kappa^{\text{I}} \cdot \kappa^{\text{II}}}, \quad \Phi^{\text{II}} = \Phi^{\text{I}} \frac{\kappa^{\text{I}}}{\kappa^{\text{II}}}, \quad (5.1)$$

$$D_e^{\text{II}} = D_v^{\text{I}} 683 \kappa^{\text{I}} (\kappa^{\text{II}}/\kappa^{\text{I}}); \quad D_e^{\text{II}} = D^{\text{I}} (\kappa^{\text{II}}/\kappa^{\text{I}}),$$

$$D_{\text{nl}e}^{\text{II}} (\cdot^{-1/2}), \quad D_{\text{nl}e}^{*\text{II}} (\cdot^{-1/2} \cdot^{-1}),$$

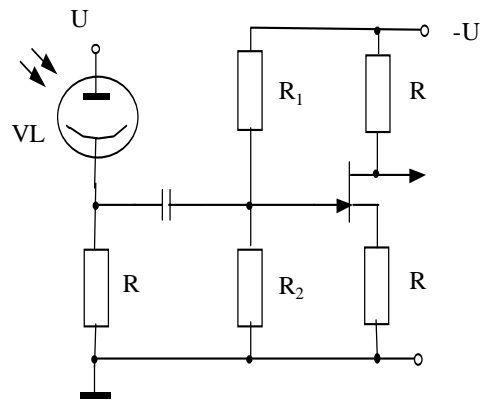
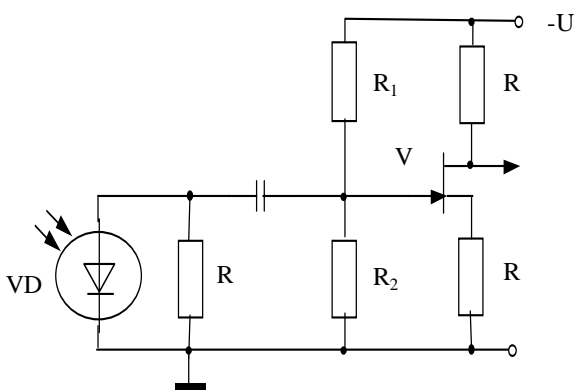
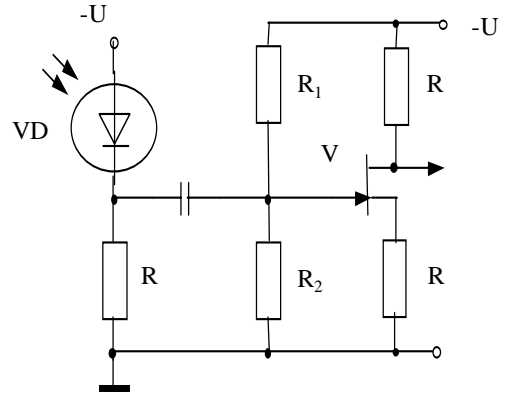
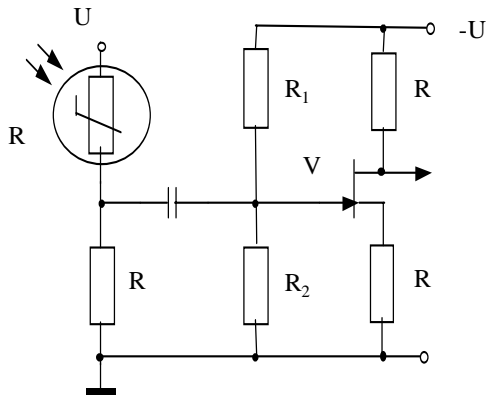
$$D_{\Delta f}^{\text{II}} = D_{\Delta f}^{\text{I}} (\Delta f^{\text{I}} / \Delta f^{\text{II}})^{1/2} = (1/D^{\text{II}}) (\Delta f^{\text{I}} / \Delta f^{\text{II}})^{1/2}. \quad (5.2)$$

6. Расчёт основных составляющих шумовой погрешности оптико-электронного прибора и отношения сигнал/шум в заданной полосе частот электронного тракта

. 6.

$$R = 2, \quad R > 2 \quad (R, \quad R \leq 2, \quad)$$

50...200 .



. 6.

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;

;

R

,

,

:

$$T_r = R_y C_r = R_y (C_g + C_g + C_d) \quad (6.1)$$

$$= (1...5) \quad , \quad =$$

$$= (2...10) \quad .$$

$$(f <$$

$$< 10 \quad)$$

(

)

.

(1...5) [1, 3], (10^{-12}) . R :

$$R \leq 0,1/(C f), \quad \tau \leq 0,1/f \quad (6.2)$$

$$I_{\Delta f, I} = \sqrt{2eI_{\Sigma} \Delta f} = \sqrt{2e\Phi_{\Sigma} S_{I, \Sigma}'' \Delta f} \quad ; \quad (6.3)$$

$$U_{\Delta f, I} = \sqrt{2eI_{\Sigma} R^2 \Delta f} = \sqrt{2e\Phi_{\Sigma} S_{I, \Sigma}'' R^2 \Delta f} \quad , \quad (6.4)$$

($= 1,6 \cdot 10^{-19}$); R - $S_{I, \Sigma}''$

$$I_{\Delta f, \Sigma} = \sqrt{I_{\Delta f, I}^2 + I_{\Delta f, R}^2} \quad ; \quad (6.5)$$

$$U_{\Delta f, \Sigma} = \sqrt{U_{\Delta f, I}^2 + U_{\Delta f, R}^2} \quad (6.6)$$

R

f :

$$I_{R \Delta f} = \sqrt{\frac{4kT}{R} \Delta f} \quad ; \quad U_{R \Delta f} = \sqrt{4kT R \Delta f} \quad , \quad (6.7)$$

k - ($k = 1,38 \cdot 10^{-23}$. $^{-1}$); - ; R -

$$I_{\Sigma \Delta f} = \sqrt{I_{\Delta f}^2 + I_{R \Delta f}^2 + I_{\Sigma}^2} ; \quad U_{\Sigma \Delta f} = \sqrt{U_{\Delta f}^2 + U_{R \Delta f}^2 + U_{\Sigma}^2} . \quad (6.8)$$

$$S_{\Sigma \Delta f} = (1 \dots 3) \cdot 10^{-3} / f .$$

$$I_{\Delta f} = \sqrt{\frac{4kT}{R^2} R \Delta f} ; \quad U_{\Delta f} = \sqrt{4kT R \Delta f} , \quad (6.9)$$

$$I_{\Sigma \Delta f} = \sqrt{I_{\Delta f}^2 + I_{R \Delta f}^2 + I_{\Sigma}^2} ; \quad U_{\Sigma \Delta f} = \sqrt{U_{\Delta f}^2 + U_{R \Delta f}^2 + U_{\Sigma}^2} . \quad (6.10)$$

$$U_{\Sigma \Delta f} = \sqrt{U_{\Delta f}^2 + U_{R \Delta f}^2 + U_{\Sigma}^2} . \quad (6.11)$$

$$U_{\Sigma} \sim I_{\Sigma} \quad \text{и} \quad I_{\Sigma} \sim U_{\Sigma} , \quad \mu_{\Sigma} = \frac{I_{\Sigma}}{U_{\Sigma}} = \frac{I_{\Sigma \Delta f}}{U_{\Sigma \Delta f}} . \quad (6.12)$$

$$\mu = \frac{\Phi_{\Delta f}}{\Phi_{\Sigma \Delta f}} ; \quad \mu_{\Sigma} = \frac{I_{\Sigma}}{U_{\Sigma}} = \frac{I_{\Sigma \Delta f}}{U_{\Sigma \Delta f}} . \quad (6.12)$$

$$N = \frac{\bar{I}_{\Delta f}^2}{\Delta f} . \quad (6.13)$$

:

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{N_0}{2e_0}}, \quad (6.14)$$

e_0 – T ;

$$e_0 = \int_0^{\infty} f^2(t) dt ; \quad (6.15)$$

$f(t)$ –

$$e_0 = T / 2 ; \sigma = \sqrt{\frac{N_0}{T}} . \quad (6.16)$$

2:

$$e_0 = T ; \sigma = \sqrt{\frac{N_0}{2T}} . \quad (6.17)$$

7. Расчет шумовой погрешности оптико-электронных систем измерения температуры

() (1.18):

$$I = \int_{\lambda=0}^{\infty} \Phi_{e\lambda}(\lambda) \cdot S_{\lambda}(\lambda) \cdot d\lambda =$$

$$= M_{e\lambda \max}^o \cdot \frac{A}{\pi \cdot (a')^2} \cdot S_{\lambda \max} \cdot \int_{\lambda=0}^{\infty} m_{e\lambda}^o(\lambda, T) \cdot \varepsilon(\lambda) \cdot \tau(\lambda) \cdot s_{\lambda}(\lambda) d\lambda, \quad (7.1)$$

$S(\lambda), s(\lambda) \quad S_{\max}$ –

; $S(\lambda) = S_{\max} s(\lambda)$; $m(\lambda)$, \max –

; T –

$$(7.1) \quad \varepsilon_\lambda(\lambda, T),$$

I

$$(7.1)$$

$$\frac{\partial I_c}{\partial T} = \frac{A}{\pi \cdot (a')^2} \cdot S_{\lambda_{\max}} \cdot \int_{\lambda=0}^{\infty} \frac{\partial M_{e\lambda}^o(\lambda, T)}{\partial T} \cdot \varepsilon_\lambda(\lambda) \cdot \tau_\lambda(\lambda) \cdot s_\lambda(\lambda) d\lambda, \quad (7.2)$$

$$< 5000 \text{ K}$$

5%:

$$m_{e\lambda}^o(\lambda, T) = m_1 \lambda^{-5} \exp\left(-\frac{C_2}{\lambda}\right), \quad (7.3)$$

$$m_1 = 3,7415 \cdot 10^{16} \text{ W} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}; \quad C_2 = 1,43879 \cdot 10^{-2} \text{ K}.$$

$$\frac{\partial m_{e\lambda}^o(\lambda, T)}{\partial T} = -\frac{C_2}{\lambda^2} m_{e\lambda}^o(\lambda, T). \quad (7.4)$$

$$= 1,315 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ W} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{K}^{-1} = 1,315 \cdot 10^{-15} \text{ W} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{K}^{-1} \cdot \text{m}^5 \cdot \text{K}^{-5} \cdot \text{K}^5, \quad C'_\lambda =$$

$$I = C'_\lambda \cdot T^5 \cdot \frac{A}{\pi \cdot (a')^2} \cdot S_{\lambda_{\max}} \cdot \int_{\lambda=0}^{\infty} m_{e\lambda}^o(\lambda, T) \cdot \varepsilon(\lambda) \cdot \tau(\lambda) \cdot s_\lambda(\lambda) d\lambda. \quad (7.5)$$

$$S_{\lambda_{\max}} = \frac{S^I}{\kappa^I}, \quad (7.6)$$

$$\left(\frac{S^I}{\kappa^I} \right); \quad \kappa^I$$

$$\kappa^I = \frac{\int_0^{\infty} \varphi^I_{\lambda}(\lambda) s_{\lambda}(\lambda) d\lambda}{\int_0^{\infty} \varphi^I_{\lambda}(\lambda) d\lambda}; \quad (7.7)$$

$\varphi^I_{e\lambda}(\lambda)$ -

$$= \text{const) (7.5) : (() = = \text{const) (()$$

$$I = C'_{\lambda} T^5 \cdot \varepsilon \cdot \tau \cdot \frac{A}{\pi \cdot (a')^2} \cdot S_{\lambda \max} \cdot \int_{\lambda=0}^{\infty} m_{e\lambda}(\lambda, T) \cdot s_{\lambda}(\lambda) d\lambda. \quad (7.8)$$

$$\Delta I_c = \left(\frac{\partial I_c}{\partial T} \right) \Delta T =$$

$$= \left\{ \left[\frac{C_2}{T^2} M_{e,\lambda \max}^0 \right] \frac{A}{\pi (a')^2} S_{\lambda \max} \int_{\lambda=0}^{\infty} \frac{m_{e,\lambda}^0(\lambda, T)}{\lambda} \cdot \varepsilon(\lambda) \cdot \tau(\lambda) \cdot s_{\lambda}(\lambda) d\lambda \right\} \Delta T =$$

$$= \left\{ \left[\frac{C_2}{T^2} C'_{\lambda} T^5 \right] \frac{A}{\pi (a')^2} S_{\lambda \max} \int_{\lambda=0}^{\infty} \frac{m_{e,\lambda}^0(\lambda, T)}{\lambda} \cdot \varepsilon(\lambda) \cdot \tau(\lambda) \cdot s_{\lambda}(\lambda) d\lambda \right\} \Delta T$$

, (7.9)

() = = const () = = const, :

$$\Delta I_c = \left\{ \varepsilon \tau [C_2 C'_{\lambda} T^3] \frac{A}{\pi (a')^2} S_{\lambda \max} \int_{\lambda=0}^{\infty} \frac{m_{e,\lambda}^0(\lambda, T)}{\lambda} s_{\lambda}(\lambda) d\lambda \right\} \Delta T. \quad (7.10)$$

(7.10):

$$C_2 C'_{\lambda} = 1,44 \cdot 10^4 [\cdot] \cdot 1,315 \cdot 10^{-15} [/ (^2 \cdot ^5] = 18,936 \cdot 10^{-12} [/ ^2 \cdot ^4] = 0,835 \cdot (4\sigma), \quad (7.11)$$

$$- \quad - \quad ; = 5,67 \cdot 10^{-12} / (^2 \cdot ^4). \quad (7.10)$$

$$(\Delta \ln \lambda) = \int_{\lambda=0}^{\infty} \frac{m_{e\lambda}^o(\lambda) s_{\lambda}(\lambda)}{\lambda} d\lambda = \int_0^{\infty} m_{e\lambda}^o(\lambda) s_{\lambda}(\lambda) d(\ln \lambda) \quad (7.12)$$

$$\xi = 0,835(\Delta \ln \lambda) \quad (7.13)$$

$$(7.10)$$

$$\xi = \left\{ \varepsilon \tau \left[0,835(4\sigma^{-3}) \right] \frac{S_{\lambda \max}(\Delta \ln \lambda)}{\pi(a')^2} \right\} \Delta \quad (7.14)$$

$$\sigma_m = \frac{\sigma_i}{K_n K_f \frac{A}{\pi(a')^2} [C_2 C' T^3] S_{\lambda \max} \int_{\lambda=0}^{\infty} \frac{m_{e,\lambda}^0(\lambda) \varepsilon(\lambda) \tau(\lambda) s_\lambda(\lambda)}{\lambda} d\lambda}, \quad (7.15)$$

$$(() = \text{const})$$

$$(() =$$

= const):

$$\sigma = \frac{\sigma_i}{[0,835(4\sigma^{-3})] \varepsilon \tau \frac{A}{\pi(a')^2} S_{\lambda \max} \int_{\lambda=0}^{\infty} \frac{m_{e,\lambda}^0(\lambda) s_\lambda(\lambda)}{\lambda} d\lambda}, \quad (7.16)$$

(35-7.12):

$$\sigma = \frac{\sigma_i}{[0,82(4\sigma^{-3})] \varepsilon \tau \frac{A}{\pi(a')^2} S_{\lambda \max}(\Delta \ln \lambda)}, \quad (7.17)$$

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1. , 1987.
2. , 2004.
3. , 2003.
4. " " . - . : , 1991.
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9. : 5- . - . : , 2003.
10. - , 2000.
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1.

 $y = f(x)$

x	y	x	y	x	y	x	y
0,10	$4,70 \cdot 10^{-15}$	0,66	0,615	1,29	0,867	1,94	0,434
0,15	$7,91 \cdot 10^{-9}$	0,67	0,638	1,30	0,860	1,96	0,424
0,20	$7,37 \cdot 10^{-6}$	0,68	0,661	1,31	0,852	1,98	0,415
0,21	$1,88 \cdot 10^{-5}$	0,69	0,683	1,32	0,845	2,00	0,405
0,22	$4,37 \cdot 10^{-5}$	0,70	0,704	1,33	0,838	2,05	0,383
0,23	$9,31 \cdot 10^{-5}$	0,71	0,725	1,34	0,830	2,10	0,362
0,24	$1,85 \cdot 10^{-4}$	0,72	0,745	1,35	0,820	2,15	0,341
0,25	$3,45 \cdot 10^{-4}$	0,73	0,764	1,36	0,815	2,20	0,323
0,26	$6,10 \cdot 10^{-4}$	0,74	0,783	1,37	0,808	2,25	0,305
0,27	$1,02 \cdot 10^{-3}$	0,75	0,801	1,38	0,800	2,30	0,289
0,28	$1,62 \cdot 10^{-3}$	0,76	0,817	1,39	0,793	2,35	0,273
0,29	$2,54 \cdot 10^{-3}$	0,77	0,834	1,40	0,785	2,40	0,258
0,30	$3,80 \cdot 10^{-3}$	0,78	0,849	1,41	0,778	2,45	0,245
0,31	$5,50 \cdot 10^{-3}$	0,79	0,862	1,42	0,770	2,50	0,232
0,32	$7,74 \cdot 10^{-3}$	0,80	0,877	1,43	0,763	2,55	0,220
0,33	0,0106	0,81	0,890	1,44	0,755	2,60	0,208
0,34	0,0142	0,82	0,903	1,45	0,748	2,65	0,198
0,35	0,0187	0,83	0,914	1,46	0,740	2,70	0,187
0,36	0,0241	0,84	0,925	1,47	0,733	2,75	0,178
0,37	0,0305	0,85	0,934	1,48	0,725	2,80	0,169
0,38	0,0380	0,86	0,943	1,49	0,718	2,85	0,161
0,39	0,0467	0,87	0,952	1,50	0,710	2,90	0,153
0,40	0,0565	0,88	0,959	1,51	0,703	3,00	0,138
0,41	0,0665	0,89	0,966	1,52	0,696	3,10	0,126
0,42	0,0800	0,90	0,972	1,53	0,688	3,20	0,114
0,43	0,0936	0,92	0,983	1,54	0,681	3,30	0,104
0,44	0,108	0,94	0,990	1,55	0,674	3,40	0,0947
0,45	0,124	0,96	0,996	1,56	0,667	3,50	0,0866
0,46	0,142	0,98	0,999	1,57	0,659	3,60	0,0797
0,47	0,160	1,00	1,000	1,58	0,652	3,70	0,0726
0,48	0,180	1,02	0,999	1,59	0,645	3,80	0,0667
0,49	0,200	1,04	0,996	1,60	0,638	3,90	0,0614
0,50	0,222	1,06	0,992	1,62	0,624	4,00	0,0565
0,51	0,244	1,08	0,986	1,64	0,610	4,50	0,0383
0,52	0,267	1,10	0,979	1,66	0,597	5,00	0,0268
0,53	0,291	1,12	0,970	1,68	0,580	6,00	0,0142
0,54	0,315	1,14	0,961	1,70	0,571	7,00	$8,20 \cdot 10^{-3}$
0,55	0,339	1,16	0,951	1,72	0,558	8,00	$5,05 \cdot 10^{-3}$
0,56	0,365	1,18	0,940	1,74	0,546	9,00	$3,27 \cdot 10^{-3}$
0,57	0,390	1,20	0,928	1,76	0,534	10,0	$2,20 \cdot 10^{-3}$
0,58	0,415	1,21	0,921	1,78	0,522	20,0	$1,6 \cdot 10^{-4}$
0,59	0,441	1,22	0,915	1,80	0,510	30,0	$3,2 \cdot 10^{-5}$
0,60	0,466	1,23	0,908	1,82	0,498	40,0	$1,0 \cdot 10^{-5}$
0,61	0,492	1,24	0,902	1,84	0,487	50,0	$4,3 \cdot 10^{-6}$
0,62	0,517	1,25	0,895	1,86	0,476	∞	0
0,63	0,542	1,26	0,888	1,88	0,465	-	-
0,64	0,567	1,27	0,881	1,90	0,455	-	-
0,65	0,615	1,28	0,874	1,92	0,444	-	-

2.

$\lambda,$	300	400	500	600	700
0	-	0,0004	0,323	0,631	0,0041
10	-	0012	503	503	0021
20	-	0040	710	381	00105
30	-	0116	862	265	00052
40	-	023	954	175	00025
50	-	038	995	107	00012
60	-	060	995	061	00006
70	-	091	952	032	00003
80	0,000039	139	870	017	000015
90	00012	208	757	0082	-

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- 1958 1967 -);
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